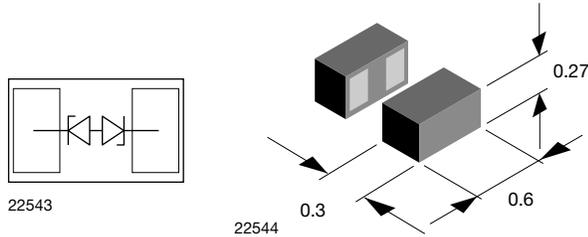


Bidirectional Symmetrical (BiSy) Single Line ESD-Protection Diode in Silicon Package



FEATURES

- Ultra compact CLP0603 package
- Low package height < 0.3 mm
- 1-line ESD-protection
- Working range ± 5.5 V
- Low leakage current < 0.1 μ A
- Low load capacitance $C_D < 14$ pF
- ESD-protection acc. IEC 61000-4-2
 ± 30 kV contact discharge
 ± 30 kV air discharge
- Lead plating: Au (e4)
- Lead material: TiNiAg
- e4 - precious metal (e.g. Ag, Au, NiPd, NiPdAu) (no Sn)
- Material categorization: For definitions of compliance please see www.vishay.com/doc?99912



MARKING (example only)



1 = Year code

Open circle = Month code and pin 1

XY = Type code

| ORDERING INFORMATION | | | |
|----------------------|--------------------|--|------------------------|
| DEVICE NAME | ORDERING CODE | TAPED UNITS PER REEL (8 mm TAPE ON 7" REEL) | MINIMUM ORDER QUANTITY |
| VCUT05D1-SD0 | VCUT05D1-SD0-G4-08 | 15 000 | 15 000 |

| PACKAGE DATA | | | | | | |
|--------------|--------------|-----------|---------|---------------------|--------------------------------------|---|
| DEVICE NAME | PACKAGE NAME | TYPE CODE | WEIGHT | FLAMMABILITY RATING | MOISTURE SENSITIVITY LEVEL | SOLDERING CONDITIONS |
| VCUT05D1-SD0 | CLP0603 | 5D | 0.12 mg | UL 94 V-0 | MSL level 1 (according J-STD-020) | 260 °C/10 s at terminals Reflow soldering according JEDEC STD-020 |

| ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS VCUT05D1-SD0 | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|---|-----------|-------------|------|
| PARAMETER | TEST CONDITIONS | SYMBOL | VALUE | UNIT |
| Peak pulse current | acc. IEC 61000-4-5, 8/20 μ s/single shot | I_{PPM} | 6 | A |
| Peak pulse power | Pin 1 to pin 2 acc. IEC 61000-4-5; $t_p = 8/20$ μ s; single shot | P_{PP} | 78 | W |
| ESD immunity | Contact discharge acc. IEC61000-4-2; 10 pulses | V_{ESD} | ± 30 | kV |
| | Air discharge acc. IEC61000-4-2; 10 pulses | | ± 30 | |
| Operating temperature | Junction temperature | T_J | -55 to +150 | °C |
| Storage temperature | | T_{stg} | -55 to +150 | °C |

CUT THE SPIKES WITH VCUT05D1-SD0

The VCUT05D1-SD0 is a Bidirectional and Symmetrical (BiSy) ESD-protection device which clamps positive and negative overvoltage transients to ground. Connected between the signal or data line and the ground the VCUT05D1-SD0 offers a high isolation (low leakage current, low capacitance) within the specified working range. Due to the short leads and small package size of the tiny CLP0603 package the line inductance is very low, so that fast transients like and ESD-strike can be clamped with minimal over- or undershoots.

| ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS VCUT05D1-SD0 ($T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified) | | | | | | |
|--|---|---------------|------|------|------|---------------|
| PARAMETER | TEST CONDITIONS/REMARKS | SYMBOL | MIN. | TYP. | MAX. | UNIT |
| Protection paths | Number of lines which can be protected | $N_{channel}$ | - | - | 1 | lines |
| Reverse stand-off voltage | Max. reverse working voltage | V_{RWM} | - | - | 5.5 | V |
| Reverse voltage | at $I_R = 0.1\text{ }\mu\text{A}$ | V_R | 5.5 | - | - | V |
| Reverse current | at $V_{RWM} = 5.5\text{ V}$ | I_R | - | - | 0.1 | μA |
| Reverse breakdown voltage | at $I_R = 1\text{ mA}$ | V_{BR} | 6.5 | 8 | 9 | V |
| Reverse clamping voltage | at $I_{PP} = 1\text{ A}$ | V_C | - | 8.8 | 10 | V |
| | at $I_{PP} = I_{PPM} = 6\text{ A}$ | V_C | - | 11 | 13 | V |
| Capacitance | at $V_R = 0\text{ V}$; $f = 1\text{ MHz}$ | C_D | - | 13 | 14 | pF |
| | at $V_R = 2.5\text{ V}$; $f = 1\text{ MHz}$ | C_D | - | 11 | - | pF |
| Clamping voltage | Transmission Line Pulse (TLP); $t_p = 100\text{ ns}$ $I_{TLP} = 8\text{ A}$ | V_{C-TLP} | - | 9.8 | - | V |
| Clamping voltage | Transmission Line Pulse (TLP); $t_p = 100\text{ ns}$ $I_{TLP} = 16\text{ A}$ | V_{C-TLP} | - | 11 | - | V |
| Dynamic resistance | Transmission Line Pulse (TLP); $t_p = 100\text{ ns}$ | R_{DYN} | - | 0.15 | - | Ω |

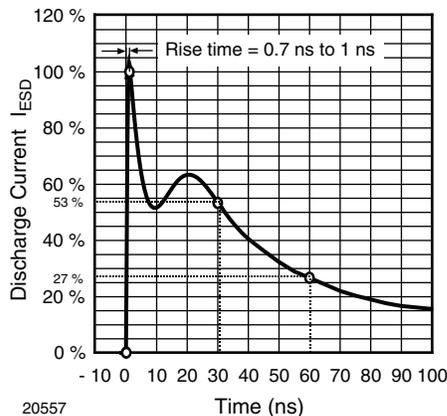
TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS ($T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified)


Fig. 1 - ESD Discharge Current Wave Form
acc. IEC 61000-4-2 (330 Ω /150 pF)

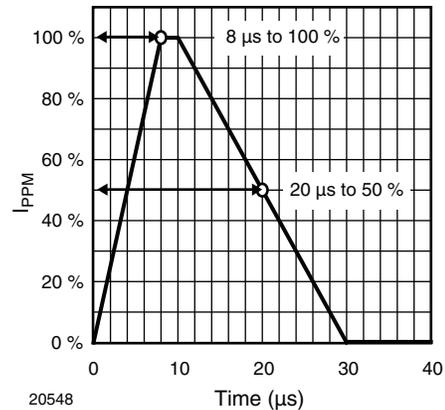


Fig. 2 - 8/20 μs Peak Pulse Current Wave Form
acc. IEC 61000-4-5

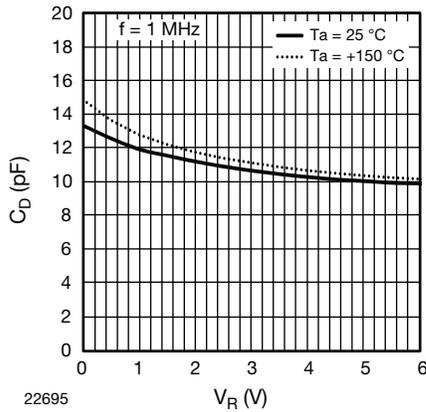


Fig. 3 - Typical Capacitance C_D vs. Reverse Voltage V_R

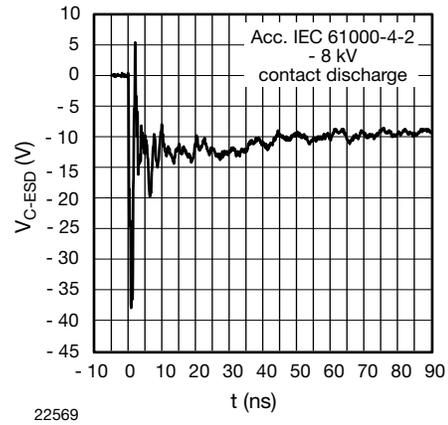


Fig. 6 - Typical Clamping Performance at 8 kV Contact Discharge acc. IEC 61000-4-2

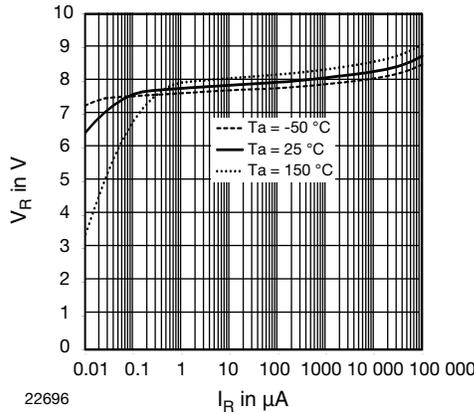


Fig. 4 - Typical Reverse Voltage V_R vs. Reverse Current I_R

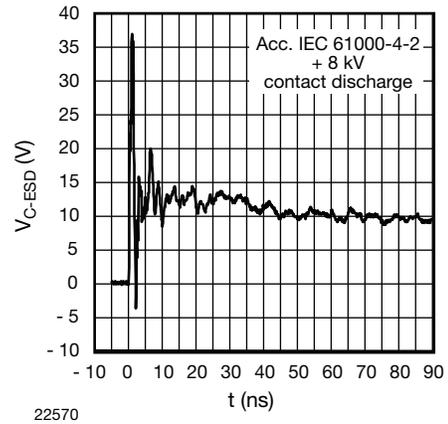


Fig. 7 - Typical Clamping Performance at 8 kV Contact Discharge acc. IEC 61000-4-2

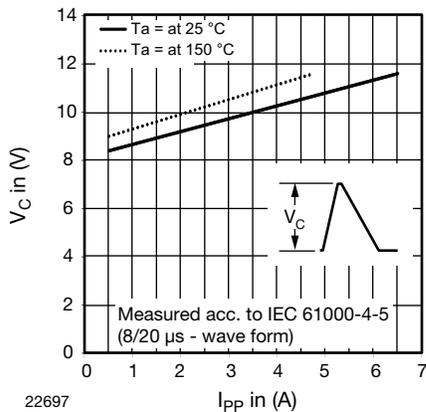


Fig. 5 - Typical Peak Clamping Voltage V_C vs. Peak Pulse Current I_{PP}

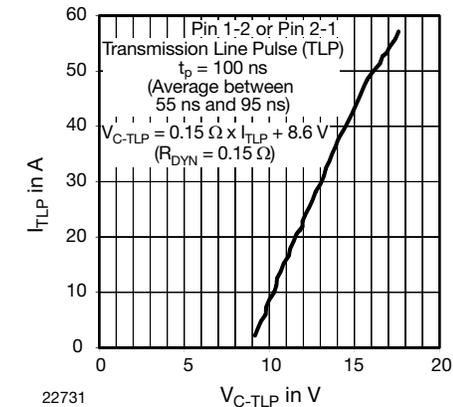
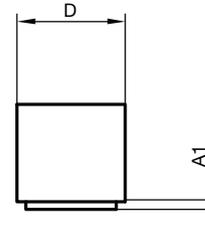
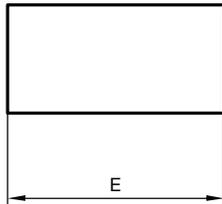
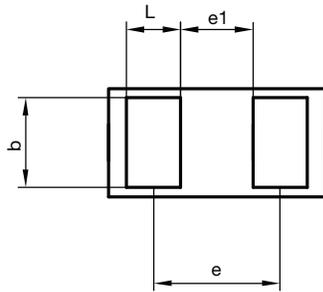


Fig. 8 - Typical Clamping Voltage at 100 ns Transmission Line Pulse (TLP)



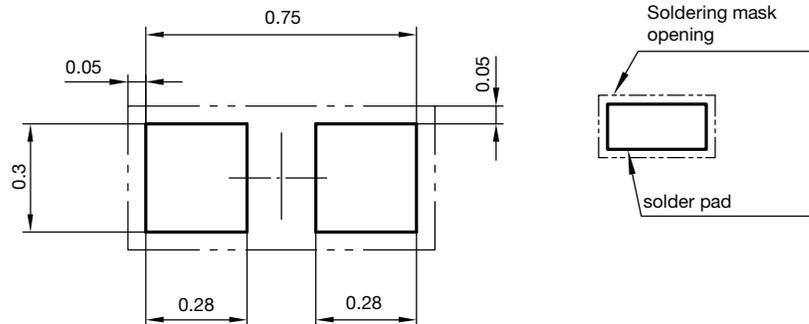
PACKAGE DIMENSIONS in millimeters (mils): **CLP0603-2L**

Package = Chip dimensions in mm



| | Millimeters | | | mils | | |
|----|-------------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|
| | min. | nom. | max. | min. | nom. | max. |
| A | 0.24 | 0.27 | 0.30 | 9.44 | 10.63 | 11.81 |
| A1 | | | 0.02 | | | 0.79 |
| b | 0.22 | 0.25 | 0.28 | 8.66 | 9.84 | 11.02 |
| D | 0.27 | 0.30 | 0.33 | 10.62 | 11.81 | 12.99 |
| E | 0.57 | 0.60 | 0.63 | 22.44 | 23.62 | 24.80 |
| e | | 0.40 | | | 15.75 | |
| e1 | | 0.25 | | | 9.84 | |
| L | 0.12 | 0.15 | 0.18 | 4.72 | 5.91 | 7.09 |

foot print recommendation:



22606

2 terminal leadless package (CLP0603-2L)

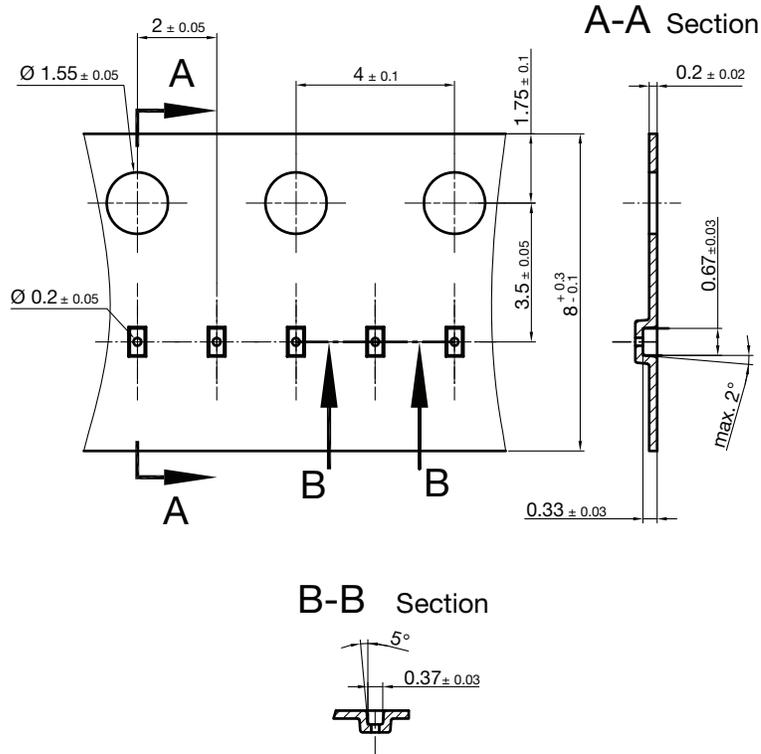
Document no.: S8-V-3906.04-023 (4)

Created - Date: 22. Nov. 2010

Rev.3 - Date: 14. Sept. 2011



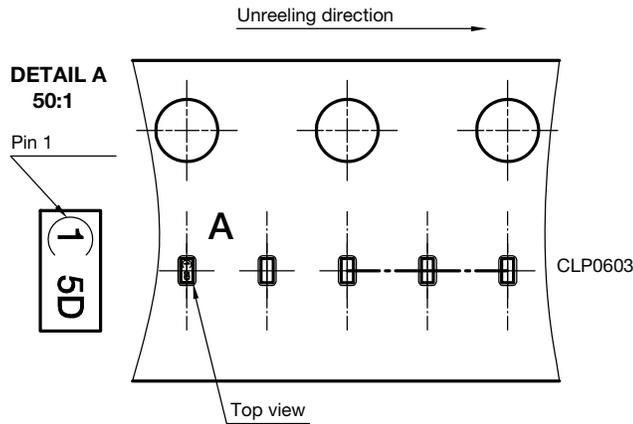
CARRIER TAPE in millimeters: CLP0603



Cummulative tolerances of 10 sprocket holes is +/-0.2mm

22591
Document no. S8-V-3906.04-0025 (4)
Created - Date: 22. Nov. 2010

ORIENTATION IN CARRIER CLP0603



22607

Orientation in Carrier Tape (CLP0603)
S8-V-3906.04-026 (4)
22.10.2010

APPLICATION NOTE

1. PCB FOOTPRINT DESIGN

Verified by internal tests, Vishay recommends the soldering pad and solder mask opening design as shown in fig. 1. We recommend using a non-solder mask defined (NSMD) design, as shown below. The reason is that with a NSMD design, the size of the actual solder pad is more accurate (tolerances for copper etchings are smaller compared to a solder mask defined process).

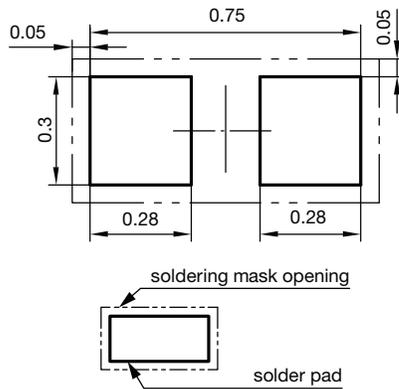


Fig. 1 - Recommended Soldering Pad Design

2. PCB SOLDERING PAD METALLIZATION

There are several common pad metallization/finishes, including OSP (Organic Solderability Protectant), HASL (Hot Air Solder Level), and ENiAu. Because of the CLP0603's extremely small size, Vishay only recommends using the electroless Ni/immersion gold over copper pad plating.

3. SCREEN PRINT PROCESS

The solder paste is applied to the PCB by using a screen print process. The recommended stencil thickness for the CLP0603 package is 80 μm (the absolute maximum is 100 μm). The recommended dimensions for the stencil openings are 12 mil (300 μm) by 8 mil (200 μm) for both pads. The side wall of the stencil openings should be tapered approximately 5 degrees. An electro-polished finish will support a better release of the paste.

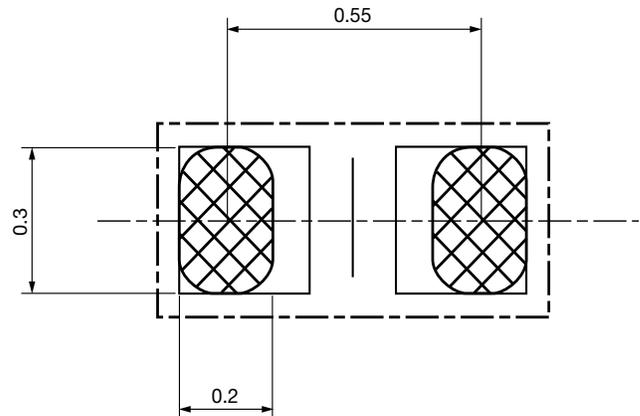


Fig. 2 - Maximum Stencil Openings - for a Stencil Thickness of 80 μm

Note

- A wider stencil opening will result in a better solder paste release from the stencil. So the best quality can be obtained by using the optimum between the stencil quality, thickness, and opening.

If a tilting of the package is observed, the amount of solder paste should be reduced slightly. Please also take into consideration the direct relation between the amount of solder paste and the package shear strength.

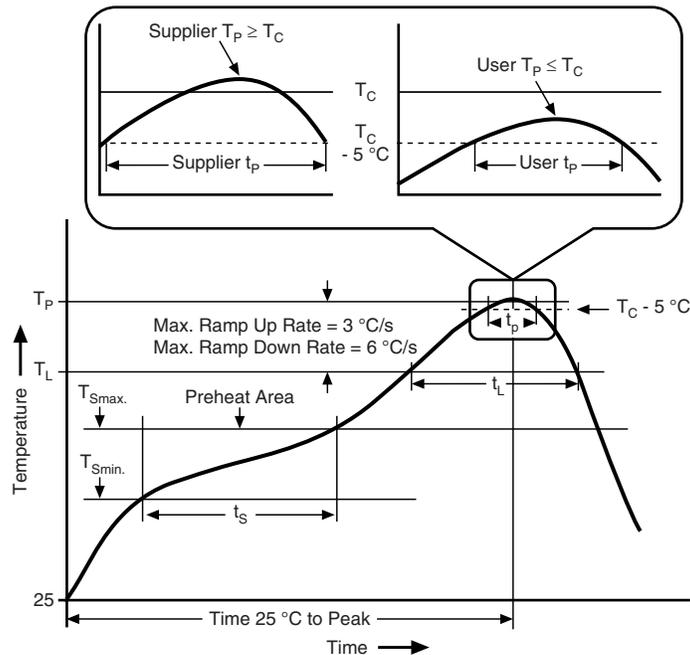
4. SOLDER PASTE TYPE

Type 4 solder pastes (or smaller powder sizes) are recommended. In our evaluation we used the Cookson Electronics' Alpha OM-338 CSP (96.5 % Sn/3 % Ag/0.5 % Cu) solder paste.

5. REFLOW SOLDERING PROCESS

A standard surface-mount reflow soldering process can be used (reference: JPC/JEDEC J-STD-020D).

However, for an optimum process, recommendations from the solder paste supplier should be considered. Variations in chemistry and viscosity of the fluxer may require small adjustments to the soldering profile.


TABLE 1 - CLASSIFICATION REFLOW PROFILES

| PROFILE FEATURE | SnPb EUTECTIC ASSEMBLY | LEAD (Pb)-FREE ASSEMBLY |
|---|---|---|
| PREHEAT AND SOAK | | |
| Temperature min. ($T_{Smin.}$) | 100 °C | 150 °C |
| Temperature max. ($T_{Smax.}$) | 150 °C | 200 °C |
| Time ($T_{Smin.}$ to $T_{Smax.}$) (t_s) | 60 s to 120 s | 60 s to 120 s |
| Average ramp-up rate ($T_{Smax.}$ to T_p) | 3 °C/s maximum | |
| Liquidous temperature (T_L) | 183 °C | 217 °C |
| Time to liquidous (t_l) | 60 s to 150 s | 60 s to 150 s |
| Peak package temperature (T_p) ⁽¹⁾ | See classification temperature in table 3 | See classification temperature in table 4 |
| Time (t_p) ⁽²⁾ with 5 °C of the specified classification temperature (T_C) | 20 s ⁽²⁾ | 30 s ⁽²⁾ |
| Average ramp-down rate (T_p to $T_{Smax.}$) | 6 °C/s maximum | |
| Time 25 °C to peak temperature | 6 min maximum | 8 min maximum |

Notes

- (1) Tolerance for peak profile temperature (T_p) is defined as a supplier minimum and user maximum
- (2) Tolerance for time at peak profile temperature (T_p) is defined as a supplier minimum and user maximum

Notes

1. All temperatures refer to the center of the package, measured on the package body surface that is facing up during assembly reflow (e.g. live-bug). If parts are reflowed in other than the normal live-bug assembly reflow orientation (i.e. dead-bug), T_p shall be within ± 2 °C of the live-bug T_p and still meet the T_C requirements, otherwise, the profile shall be adjusted to achieve the latter. To accurately measure actual peak package body temperatures refer to JEP140 for the recommended thermocouple use.
2. Reflow profiles in this document are for classification/preconditioning and are not meant to specify board assembly profiles. Actual board assembly profiles should be developed based on specific process needs and board designs and should not exceed the parameters in table 1. For example, if T_C is 260 °C and time t_p is 30 s, this means the following for the supplier and the user:
 - For a supplier: The peak temperature must be at least 260 °C. The time above 255 °C must be at least 30 s.
 - For a user: The peak temperature must not exceed 260 °C. The time above 255 °C must not exceed 30 s.
3. All components in the test load shall meet the classification profile requirements.
4. SMD packages classified to a given moisture sensitivity level by using procedures or criteria defined within any previous version of J-STD-020, JESD22-A112 (rescinded), IPC-SM-786 (rescinded) do not need to be reclassified to the current revision unless a change in classification level or a higher peak classification temperature is desired.

TABLE 2 - SnPb EUTECTIC PROCESS - CLASSIFICATION TEMPERATURES (T_c)

| PACKAGE THICKNESS | VOLUME mm ³ < 350 | VOLUME mm ³ ≥ 350 |
|-------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| < 2.5 mm | 235 °C | 220 °C |
| ≥ 2.5 mm | 220 °C | 220 °C |

TABLE 3 - LEAD (Pb)-FREE PROCESS - CLASSIFICATION TEMPERATURES (T_c)

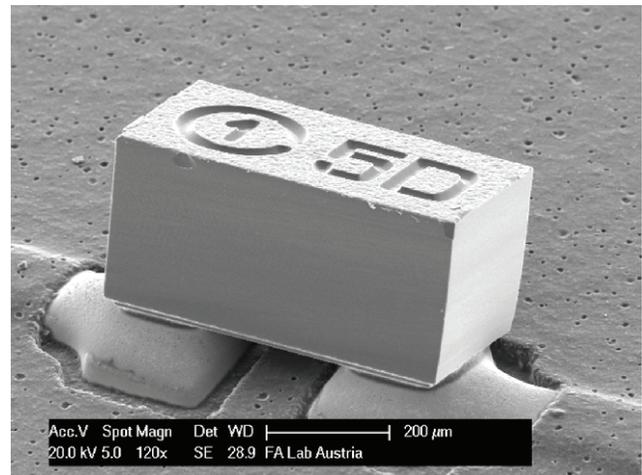
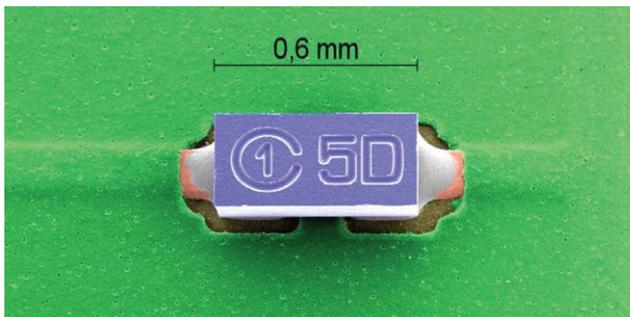
| PACKAGE THICKNESS | VOLUME mm ³ < 350 | VOLUME mm ³ 350 to 2000 | VOLUME mm ³ > 2000 |
|-------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| < 1.6 mm | 260 °C | 260 °C | 260 °C |
| 1.6 mm to 2.5 mm | 260 °C | 250 °C | 245 °C |
| > 2.5 mm | 250 °C | 245 °C | 245 °C |

Notes

- At the direction of the device manufacturer, but not the board assembler/user, the maximum peak package body temperature (T_p) can exceed the values specified in tables 2 and 3. The use of a higher T_p does not change the classification temperature (T_c).
- Package volume excludes external terminals (e.g., balls, bumps, lands, leads) and/or nonintegral heat sinks.
- The maximum component temperature reached during reflow depends on package thickness and volume. The use on convection reflow processes reduces the thermal gradients between packages. However thermal gradients due to differences in thermal mass of SMD packages may still exist.
- Moisture sensitivity levels of components intended for use in a lead (Pb)-free assembly process shall be evaluated using the lead (Pb)-free classification temperatures and profiles defined in table 1 and 3, whether or not lead (Pb)-free.
- SMD packages classified to a given moisture sensitivity level by using procedures or criteria defined within any previous version of J-STD-020, JESD22-A112 (rescinded), IPC-SM-786 (rescinded) do not need to be reclassified to the current revision unless a change in classification level or a higher peak classification temperature is desired.

6. SOLDERING QUALITY INSPECTION

An X-ray inspection system is required to find defects such as shorts between pads, open contacts, and voids within the solder. In addition, a visual inspection by microscope or camera (of appropriate magnification) can be used to inspect the sides of the solder joints for acceptable shape and molten solder.


7. SHEAR TEST COMPARISON

The data below shows a comparison of shear strength after a reflow soldering process.

| | VISHAY | COMPETITOR 1 | COMPETITOR 2 | COMPETITOR 3 |
|------------------------|--------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| Typical shear strength | 500 g | 350 g | 600 g | 440 g |

8. REWORK PROCEDURE

For rework, the CLP0603 package must be removed from the PCB if there is any issue with the solder joints. Standard SMT rework systems are recommended for this. Due to the small size of the package, the rework system should be equipped with a proper magnification aid.

9. INTERCHANGEABILITY OF THE CLP WITH A PLASTIC PACKAGE OF THE SAME SIZE

Based on our studies, the CLP is 100 % compatible with plastic packages of the same size.



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